Draft Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance Public Hearing Report First Public Hearing February 27, 2018

A public hearing was conducted at 6:30 p.m. on February 27, 2018 at the Eden Prairie City Center, City Council Chambers, to receive verbal and written comments about the draft Airport Zoning Ordinance for Flying Cloud Airport. Public notice of the hearing was provided (**Item A**).

Present at the public hearing were the following Joint Airport Zoning Board (JAZB) members, who served as Hearing Officers: Brad Aho (Chair, Eden Prairie), Kate Aanenson (Chanhassen), Keith Tschohl (Eden Prairie), Julie Klima (Eden Prairie), Michael Beard (Shakopee), Eric Weiss (Shakopee), Rick King (MAC), and Katie Clark Sieben (MAC). MAC staff present at the public hearing included Bridget Rief (Vice President, Planning and Development), Neil Ralston (Airport Planner), Evan Wilson (Senior Attorney), Shelly Cambridge (Administrative Assistant and JAZB Board Secretary), Mike Wilson (FCM Airport Manager), Gary Schmidt (Director of Reliever Airports), and Jenn Felger (Planning and Environment Coordinator).

Twelve people signed in on the attendance sheets (Item B).

The proceedings of the Public Hearing were transcribed by a qualified court reporter (Item C).

Neil Ralston, Airport Planner, provided an overview presentation of the draft Airport Zoning Ordinance for Flying Cloud Airport (**Item D**). Several members of the public asked verbal questions about the proposed airport zoning ordinance after the presentation but before the start of the public hearing. These comments are recorded on the official Public Hearing Transcript.

Exhibits A through I were entered into the record by MAC during the public meeting. Exhibits A through I are listed as **Item E** and are available upon request to Shelly Cambridge, JAZB Secretary, at 612-726-8144 or via email at Shelly.Cambridge@mspmac.org.

All persons in attendance and wishing to do so were given the opportunity to testify and introduce evidence regarding the issues set forth in the Notice of Public Hearing. No testimony was given.

The public hearing record was kept open until 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, March 14, 2018, to receive written comments from interested parties. Four (4) written comments were received during the public comment period. These comments, along with responses, are included as **Item F**.

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Item A -

Notice of Public Comment Period and Public Hearing for Draft Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance

NOTICE OF PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD AND PUBLIC HEARING FOR DRAFT FLYING CLOUD AIRPORT (FCM) ZONING ORDINANCE

The Joint Airport Zoning Board (JAZB) for Flying Cloud Airport (FCM) is developing an *Airport Zoning Ordinance* for land uses around FCM. This is a continuation of the airport zoning effort started in 2009-2010 but not finalized. Similar to the previous zoning proposal, the *Draft FCM Zoning Ordinance* (*Zoning Ordinance*) limits the height of structures and vegetation and prohibits certain land uses in an area extending approximately 2 miles from the outer boundaries of FCM. The zoning is being conducted as required by Minnesota Statutes 360.061 – 360.074 and Minnesota Rules 8800.1200 and 8800.2400. Maps that are part of the proposed *Zoning Ordinance* show the precise boundaries for application of the *Zoning Ordinance* and the associated proposed restrictions. A summary map showing the proposed Safety Zones is shown on the reverse side of this notice.

The proposed Zoning Ordinance would:

- Limit the height of structures and vegetation out to approximately 2 miles to the west of FCM, and out to approximately 1.5 miles in all other areas around the airport. In most cases, however, the airport zoning height limitations would be less restrictive than maximum heights allowed in the municipal zoning code.
- Prohibit the development of structures in Safety Zone A, which is mostly contained to airport-owned property;
- Prohibit, in Safety Zone B, the construction of amphitheaters, hospitals, nursing homes, residential uses, schools, stadiums and ponds or other features which might attract waterfowl or other birds, with the exception that the proposed restrictions in Safety Zone B do not affect additions to existing residences, residential redevelopment or future residential development in certain Permitted Residential Areas;
- Require a contiguous open space within Safety Zone B of either 20% of the total Safety Zone B acreage or 20 acres, which ever is larger; and
- Prohibit, in Safety Zones A, B and C, the use of land that creates or causes interference with the
 operations of radio or electronic facilities on FCM or with radio or electronic communications between
 FCM and aircraft, makes it difficult for pilots to distinguish between Airport lights and other lights, results
 in glare in the eyes of pilots using FCM, impairs visibility in the vicinity of FCM, or otherwise endangers
 the landing, taking off, or maneuvering of aircraft in the runway approach areas.

THE PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD ON THE PROPOSED ZONING ORDINANCE WILL COMMENCE AT 8:00 A.M. ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 2018, AND CLOSE AT 5:00 P.M. ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 2018. During this period, written comments will be accepted and must be addressed to:

Secretary to the FCM Joint Airport Zoning Board Metropolitan Airports Commission 6040 28th Avenue South Minneapolis, MN 55450

Comments can also be emailed to fcm.zoning@mspmac.org

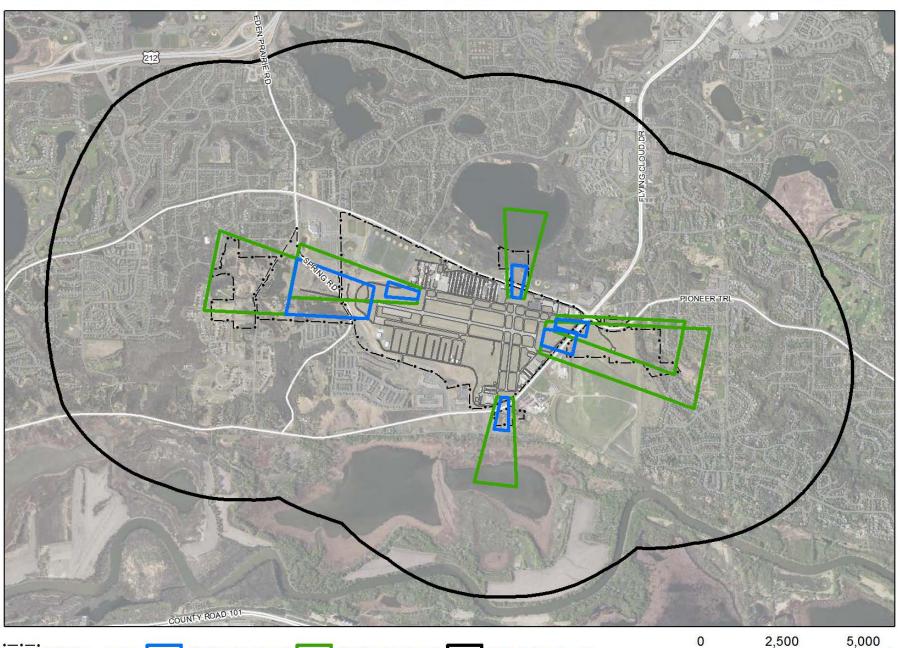
A PUBLIC HEARING ON THE PROPOSED ZONING ORDINANCE IS SCHEDULED FOR TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 2018, AT THE EDEN PRAIRIE CITY HALL COUNCIL CHAMBERS, 8080 MITCHELL ROAD, EDEN PRAIRIE, MN. THE PUBLIC HEARING WILL BEGIN AT 6:30 P.M. AND LAST UNTIL ALL PERSONS WISHING TO ADDRESS THE BOARD HAVE BEEN HEARD. AN OPEN HOUSE WILL BE HELD PRIOR TO THE PUBLIC HEARING STARTING AT 5:00 P.M. FOLLOWED BY A PUBLIC PRESENTATION FROM 6:00 P.M. TO 6:30 P.M.

Copies of the proposed *Zoning Ordinance* will be available for review beginning on Monday, February 12, 2018, at the following locations: the Metropolitan Airports Commission's Main Office, 6040 28th Avenue South, Minneapolis; the City Halls of the cities of Eden Prairie, Shakopee, and Chanhassen; and the Eden Prairie Library, 565 Prairie Center Drive, Eden Prairie. The proposed Zoning Ordinance will also be available for review beginning February 12, 2018 on the MAC website at:

https://metroairports.org/General-Aviation/Airports/Flying-Cloud/Joint-Airport-Zoning-Board-Flying-Cloud.aspx

For further information about the public comment period, the open house or the public hearing, please call Shelly Cambridge, Secretary to the FCM Joint Airport Zoning Board, at (612) 726-8144.

DRAFT FLYING CLOUD AIRPORT ZONING ORDINANCE – PROPOSED SAFETY ZONES



FCM Property Line JAZB Safety Zone A JAZB Safety Zone B JAZB Safety Zone C 5,000 Feet

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Item B –Public Hearing Attendance Sheets

PLEASE SIGN IN

Flying Cloud Airport (FCM) Joint Airport Zoning Board Draft Airport Zoning Ordinance

> Open House and Public Hearing Eden Prairie City Hall Council Chambers Tuesday, February 27, 2018 5:00 – 8:00 p.m.

Name	<u>Address</u>	E-Mail Address
Ken Reineccius	12100 Proneer Trail EP 55347	Kreineceus @ Paxchist con terry a project developers inc. com
Tary Schneider	15333 Boulder Cr. D. MtKs.	terry a project developersinc. com
John Federa	9820 Tree Farm Rd	JP Februaricland com
MARY STORCKER	12/07 CARTWAY CURVE 8/5534	mstockpi@concast. det
Maciej Miside	9523 Grey Widgen Place	macmisiak equeix com
David Kraemer	9017 Victoria Dr	
John Kirk	15365 Village Wood PC EC	Jamenterprise, Zo Kirk & guisolicon,
Marle UMHOLTE	139 WDIAMOND LICAD MAG.	MARK. UM/HOLTZESTATE. MN.US.
TOM TRAUGIFTER	8500 MONTGOMENY CT	TPTRAUG QUESTICON
Mark Freibers	10425 Budunghan Dr EP 55347	protyme @ aol. a
SandyLangsdoct	10291 White P1.	*

PLEASE SIGN IN

Flying Cloud Airport (FCM) Joint Airport Zoning Board Draft Airport Zoning Ordinance

> Open House and Public Hearing Eden Prairie City Hall Council Chambers Tuesday, February 27, 2018 5:00 – 8:00 p.m.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	E-Mail Address
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Item C –Public Hearing Transcript

R00-545	5-9668 Paradiam Reporting & Cantioning #112121
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15	8080 MITCHELL ROAD, EDEN PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA
14	EDEN PRAIRIE CITY HALL COUNCIL CHAMBERS
13	6:00 p.m.
12	FEBRUARY 27, 2018
11	HELD ON
10	ORIGINAL
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8	ZONING ORDINANCE
7	DRAFT FLYING CLOUD AIRPORT (FCM)
6	RE:
5	PUBLIC HEARING
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1	METROPOLITAN AIRPORTS COMMISSION

1	APPEARANCES
2	
3	FLYING CLOUD AIRPORT
4	JOINT AIRPORT ZONING BOARD MEMBERS:
5	
6	Brad Aho, JAZB Chair
7	Kate Aanenson, Chanhassen
8	Keith Tschohl, Eden Prairie
9	Julie Klima, Eden Prairie
10	Michael Beard, Shakopee
11	Eric Weiss, Shakopee
12	Rick King, Metropolitan Airports Commission
13	Katie Clark Sieben, Metropolitan Airports Commission
14	
15	METROPOLITAN AIRPORTS COMMISSION STAFF:
16	
17	Bridget Rief, Vice President - Planning &
18	Development
19	Neil Ralston, Airport Planner
20	Evan Wilson, Senior Attorney
21	Shelly Cambridge, Board Secretary
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	CHAIR AHO: I'll call the meeting to
2	order, then. My name is Brad Aho and I am the chair of
3	the Flying Cloud Airport Joint Airport Zoning Board,
4	and I welcome all of you to tonight's meeting. This is
5	a public meeting, and it's a public hearing on the
6	proposed airport zoning ordinance.
7	Board members, why don't we go around and
8	introduce ourselves. We'll start down here with Katie.
9	MS. SIEBEN: I'm Katie Clark Sieben. Do I
10	need to
11	CHAIR AHO: So make sure that your
12	microphone says live and that's green.
13	MS. SIEBEN: Thank you.
14	Katie Clark Sieben with Metropolitan Airports
15	Commission.
16	MR. WEISS: Eric Weiss, long-range
17	planner, City of Shakopee.
18	MR. BEARD: I'm Mike Beard, Scott County
19	Commissioner. I'm here representing Shakopee this
20	evening.
21	CHAIR AHO: So I serve on the city council
22	in Eden Prairie and am currently chair.
23	MR. KING: Rick King. I'm on the
24	Metropolitan Airports Commission, and my area includes
25	Eden Prairie, and I live here.

1	MR. TSCHOHL: I'm Keith Tschohl. I'm
2	chair of the Flying Cloud Airport Advisory Commission
3	for the City of Eden Prairie
4	MS. KLIMA: I'm Julie Klima I'm the city
5	planner for the City of Eden Prairie.
6	MS. AANENSON: Kate Aanenson. I'm the
7	community development director for the City of
8	Chanhassen.
9	MS. RIEF: And I am Bridget Rief with the
10	Metropolitan Airports Commission. I am the staff
11	liaison at the airport.
12	CHAIR AHO: Great. Well, thank you, all.
13	So the structure of the Board meeting and the
14	public hearing is going to be as follows this evening:
15	So, first, we're going to have Neil Ralston,
16	who is the planner for the Metropolitan Airports
17	Commission, is going to provide an overview of the
18	Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance.
19	Second, we're going to have exhibits for the
20	hearing entered into the record starting at 6:30.
21	And, third, the Board will take testimony from
22	the public on the proposed Flying Cloud Airport Zoning
23	Ordinance. So if anyone has a prepared statement or
24	document, you may read it into the record or submit it
25	or both, and we'll make it part of the record. And the

Board just asks that you limit your statement to no more than 5 minutes so that everyone gets a chance to speak. I don't think it's going to be a problem tonight. But if you wish to testify, please fill out a speaker card and hand it to the Board secretary, Ms. Shelly Cambridge.

And, Shelly, do you want to stand so everyone can see? Is she -- where is she?

MS. RIEF: She's in the back, standing by the table.

CHAIR AHO: She's in the back. Okay.

All right. So if you have any questions, go back there and fill out a card, please. And -- let's see.

So this is a public hearing about zoning and not about airport noise -- I just want to make that very clear so that everyone understands why we're here tonight -- and adoption of the zoning ordinance will not alter the number, frequency, or noise level of traffic at the airport. Any zoning ordinance would affect the land use surrounding the airport.

And we will have a -- we have a court reporter here tonight who is going to take notes on all the proceedings. Other than that, the meeting is not televised, nor is it recorded.

	1	So, Mr. Ralston, will you take it away, please,
	2	and give us the presentation.
	3	MR. RALSTON: Thank you, Chair Aho. And
	4	good evening, everyone. Thank you for taking the time
	5	to join us tonight.
	6	As I said, my name's Neil Ralston. I'm the
	7	airport planner for the airport's commission.
	8	Can everybody hear me okay? Excellent.
	9	CHAIR AHO: Those microphones should work.
	10	Just make sure that they're on.
	11	MR. RALSTON: Yeah, I think we're good.
	12	CHAIR AHO: Okay. Good.
	13	MR. RALSTON: Excellent.
	14	I'm here tonight to give a brief overview of
	15	the draft airport zoning ordinance that is being
	16	developed for Flying Cloud Airport. I'm going to begin
	17	with presenting the purpose and goals for the Joint
	18	Airport Zoning Board, along with the timeline of this
	19	Board's activity going back to 2009.
	20	Then I'll move into a summary of the draft
	21	airport zoning ordinance itself.
	22	And finally, we'll talk about the next steps in
	23	the process to advance the draft ordinance towards
	24	approval and final adoption.
	25	Before going any further, however, I'd like to
\perp	1	

1 define a few of the terms and acronyms that I'll be 2 using tonight both in my presentation and that you'll 3 see on the slides. 4 First, the three letters "FCM" refer to Flying 5 Cloud Airport. That is the official airport identifier 6 that pilots use when they're flying into the airport. Second, the term "JAZB," which I'll pronounce 8 as JAZB (pronounced JAZZ-bee), that refers -- that's 9 the shorthand version of Joint Airport Zoning Board. 10 Next, "MnDOT" refers to the Minnesota 11 Department of Transportation, Office of Aeronautics. 12 And finally, "FAA" is used to reference the 13 Federal Aviation Administration. 14 So why is it important for the JAZB to pursue 15 airport zoning for Flying Cloud Airport now? First, 16 and perhaps foremost, zoning remains a requirement of 17 state law. MnDOT's expectation is that the JAZB will successfully develop zoning for the airport in order to 18 19 avoid potential airport improvement grant funding 20 implications. 21 Second, the pace of development around Flying 22 Cloud Airport is only increasing, and the lack of an 23 adopted airport zoning ordinance is creating 24 uncertainty and some level of confusion about possible

25

land use controls in the area of the airport.

Third, the Metropolitan Airports Commission would like to continue to pursue non-aeronautical commercial use of some airport parcels of land that are within the designated safety zones. Uncertainty regarding zoning is holding up the approval process for these parcels, and that's a hurdle that we'd like to remove.

Last but not least, it is time to finish what was started back in 2009, to provide a level of certainty to all stakeholders about airport zoning requirements around the airport.

So at a high level, this group, the JAZB's purpose, is to collaboratively develop an airport zoning ordinance that achieves a balance between providing for a reasonable level of public safety while allowing for compatible community development to occur. To achieve this, Minnesota state statutes provide guidance to consider the social and economic cost of restricting land uses versus the benefits that would be derived from a strict application of the state's model airport zoning ordinance. The state's model zoning ordinance is a template provided by MnDOT that provides a common approach to developing zoning for all airports in Minnesota.

The overarching goal for this JAZB is to

develop an airport zoning ordinance for review and approval by the MnDOT Commissioner of Transportation that would subsequently be adopted by the Board, and then by local communities.

Supporting goals for this JAZB include updating the relevant sections of the draft ordinance to reflect current conditions and trends, and to ensure that an appropriate level of stakeholder and community engagement occurs. Tonight's hearing, of course, is an important step in achieving that goal.

Next, I'd like to take a quick trip down memory lane to help provide some context for where we are headed next. This Joint Airport Zoning Board was stood up back in 2009 and first met in July of that year. By April of 2010, the group had done a lot of heavy lifting and developed a draft airport zoning ordinance that was ready for public review.

A public hearing, much like this one, for the ordinance was held on April 29th of 2010. The draft airport zoning ordinance was then finalized and submitted to the MnDOT Commissioner of Transportation for review and action in December 2010. However, in early 2011, MAC requested on behalf of the JAZB that MnDOT temporarily suspend review of the draft ordinance due to legal uncertainties surrounding airport

zoning-related litigation that was pending in the state at the time.

Fast-forwarding to 2016, that litigation had been settled, and it was becoming increasingly apparent that there was a need to move forward with completing the zoning effort due to the pace of development activity around the airport. Based on coordination with MnDOT, it was determined that too much time had passed just to pick up where we had left off in early 2011 without reconvening the Board and reengaging with stakeholders.

To accomplish this, the first meeting of the reconvened Joint Airport Zoning Board was held in September of 2017. Between then and now, the JAZB has been working to update the draft airport zoning ordinance and supporting studies, which include a safety/risk study and an economic impact analysis. These updates validate the original JAZB recommendations pertaining to the major elements of the proposed zoning ordinance, so only minor updates are being proposed at this time, and we'll go through what those are here in a few moments.

At its meeting a few weeks ago on January 18th, the JAZB formally approved an updated version of the zoning ordinance for formal public review and comment,

and that is serving as the basis for this public hearing tonight.

So moving into the ordinance itself. This slide shows the airfield configuration that served as the basis for the updated draft ordinance. Runway 18-36, which is the north-south crosswind runway -- if you can see the cursor moving here -- was incorporated into the ordinance at its current length of 2,691 feet. In the previous version of the ordinance, this runway was shown to be extended to a slightly longer length.

Meanwhile, the north parallel runway 10L-28R here was incorporated as a utility category runway, whereas in the previous ordinance, it had a different designation. The distinction between the designations has to do with the types and the weights of aircraft that use the runway on a regular basis. Since the north parallel runway does not accommodate a lot of larger, heavier aircraft types, the utility runway designation is appropriate. The length, width, and operational characteristics of the north parallel runway are not affected by the change.

From a zoning and land use perspective, the change results in a smaller protection zone at the end of the north parallel runway -- at each end of the north parallel runway. From an airspace and height

limitation perspective, it also results in a steeper or less restrictive approach surface slope. As noted on the slide, these configuration changes from the 2010 draft ordinance result in less restrictive zoning areas.

The draft airport zoning ordinance continues to have two primary components: Height limitations and land use limitations. We'll cover both, starting with the height limitations item.

The draft zoning ordinance establishes an airspace zone to limit the height of structures and vegetation out to approximately 2 miles to the west of the airport and out to approximately 1 1/2 miles around the airport and other areas. The airspace zone heights are based on the FAA's airspace criteria.

If a proposed development seeks to penetrate the height limitations stipulated by an airspace zone, a variance will have to be granted for that penetration by a Board of Adjustment. The Board of Adjustment is proposed to be comprised of members of the Metropolitan Airports Commission.

The ordinance does provide for an exception from seeking a variance for an airspace surface penetration. If the applicant submits an aeronautical study review case to the FAA and the FAA determines

that the object penetrating the surface would not be a hazard to air navigation and would not require changes to airport operations, and the proponent complies with any conditions included in the FAA's determination, then no variance would be required.

Now, the draft ordinance includes a set of grid maps that show the airspace zone heights in 10-foot intervals for areas surrounding the airport. As an example, what's on the slide shows grid location C3, which is on the northwest side of the airport. Just for orientation purposes, each of the graphics in the zoning ordinance has an index at the bottom that shows the geographic grid of the spreads -- geographic spread of the grids -- I'm sorry -- each of which has its own grid map in the document. The heights on these grid maps are expressed as above mean sea level, not above ground level, so to calculate the height above the ground of this airspace zone, one must subtract the ground elevation from the airspace elevation.

To provide more specificity and perhaps clarity on the allowable heights for each parcel, we have created another set of grid maps called "Maximum Construction Heights Without Permit." These maps establish a height per parcel up to which an airport zoning permit is not needed.

Now, as a point of clarification, an airport zoning permit is different than a variance issued by the Board of Adjustment. For example, if a proposed development does not exceed the maximum construction height without permit elevation, no zoning permit or variance is needed; however, an FAA airspace review may still be required. If a proposed development exceeds the maximum construction height without permit elevation, but does not penetrate an airspace zone, the applicant will need to obtain an airport zoning permit from the city zoning administrator, but not a variance.

The maximum construction heights without permit are intended to provide a buffer below the airspace surfaces -- I'm sorry -- the airspace zones, and we think it's prudent for the city zoning professionals to review proposed developments that are getting close to penetrating the airspace zones. If a proposed development exceeds both the maximum construction height without permit elevation and penetrates the airspace zone, then both an airport zoning permit and a variance would be needed.

The draft ordinance also contains a series of grid maps showing the maximum construction heights without a permit that have been calculated for each parcel within the zoning area. This example continues

to use the grid section C3, again, on the northwest side of the airport. Each of the heights shown is expressed as above ground level, making it easier to interpret views in the previous airspace zone grid maps.

These heights were calculated by identifying the location of each parcel where the highest ground level was under the lowest airspace zone elevation. We then subtracted the ground elevation from the airspace height and then rounded it down to the nearest 10-foot interval. In the vast majority of cases, we found that the airport zoning height limitations would be less restrictive than the maximum structure heights allowed in municipal zoning codes.

Next we'll move on to the land use safety zones. The draft ordinance provides three safety zones, Zones A, B, and C. JAZB Safety Zone A is the most restrictive zone, and that's located immediately off the ends of the runways and prohibits structures and trees.

JAZB Safety Zone B is a less restrictive zone, located further off the runway ends, that contains prohibitions against certain land uses. Residential development is allowed in permanent residential areas within JAZB Safety Zone B.

JAZB Safety Zone C is the least restrictive zone and contains general land use restrictions against interfering with flight activity at Flying Cloud Airport.

Next, I'm going to go into a little more detail on each of those zones, starting with Zone C and then working back in towards Zone A.

JAZB Safety Zone C is shown by the black ellipsoid line on the slide. It's established by drawing radiuses of specified distances from the runway ends. Again, it is the least restrictive safety zone in that it calls for general prohibitions that would interfere with flight activity at Flying Cloud Airport.

Even though the language here may seem a bit technical, the uses prohibited in Zone C are generally commonsense items that the vast majority of people wouldn't partake in anyway. For example, use of a high-powered radio transmitter that would interfere with navigational aids at the airport or would interfere with communications between aircraft and air traffic controllers would be a use that we would be trying to prevent. Another example of an undesirable use would be bright uplighting, like searchlights or lasers pointed into the sky that could blind pilots.

We did receive a question via e-mail from an

area resident asking if we were seeking to prohibit the use of rooftop solar panels on homes within Zone C due to glare concerns. In response, we want to clarify that the draft ordinance does not seek to prohibit residential solar installations. If a particular solar installation is determined to cause glare issues for pilots, using the airport, we would want to work with that property owner to mitigate to the extent practical that visual impairment. However, based on operational experience, the likelihood of a typical residential rooftop solar installation to cause a glare problem is expected to be a very rare occasion.

In the event that a property owner wishes to be proactive about the potential of glare concerns from a specific solar installation, there is an option of submitting an airspace review case to the appropriate agencies to take a look at it in advance.

And finally, the land use controls established for JAZB Zone C apply to the other two JAZB safety zones as well.

Next, we'll move inward to Safety Zone B, which is shown on this graphic as green trapezoids. JAZB Safety Zone B is more restrictive than C but less restrictive than A. It prohibits certain land uses, such as amphitheaters and theaters, churches,

hospitals, nursing homes, schools, stadiums, and wildlife attractants, particularly those attractants that would attract waterfowl like the Canada goose.

The length and outer width of the proposed JAZB Safety Zone B is based on MnDOT's state model zone dimensions; however, the draft JAZB ordinance is proposing less stringent land use controls than those prescribed by MnDOT's state model. For example, JAZB Safety Zone B does not prescribe a minimum parcel size for development, nor does it limit site populations based on site acreage. These limitations were relaxed in the JAZB ordinance based on the results of a detailed safety/risk study and economic impact analysis that were specific to the conditions at Flying Cloud Airport.

As another feature, the proposed JAZB Safety
Zone B allows for the improvement, expansion of
existing, and development of new residential uses in
areas guided for residential development and designated
in the ordinance as permitted residential areas. These
permitted residential areas, as shown with green
shading on this slide, are recognized and treated as
conforming land uses in the draft ordinance.

Finally, JAZB Safety Zone B contains a requirement to provide a minimum of 20 percent of the

total Zone B acreage or 20 acres, whichever is greater, to remain as continuous open space. The purpose for the open space is to provide an extra margin of safety by providing a large area for the pilot of a disabled aircraft to be able to make an emergency landing, should that be needed. The open space requirement applies to the totality of the proposed JAZB Safety Zone B area and does not apply to each parcel within the zone.

As shown on the yellow shading on the slide, the Zone B open space requirement is easily met by existing airport-owned land, along with other off-airport property guided to remain as open space or otherwise not expected to be regularly occupied.

Lastly, JAZB Safety Zone A is shown by the blue trapezoid on the slide. As mentioned before, it's the most restrictive safety zone, that structures are prohibited unless needed for aviation purposes.

JAZB Safety Zone A is the same shape and size as the FAA-defined runway protection zone, or RPZ, off the ends of each runway. The runway protection zone has very similar land use restrictions mandated by the FAA, so it makes sense to pair the RPZ and Safety Zone A together.

The joint runway protection zone in Safety

Zone A are smaller than the Zone A prescribed in MnDOT's state model. Again, the results of the detailed safety/risk study and economic impact analysis suggests that the draft JAZB ordinance provides the reasonable level of safety that we are seeking.

Regarding the actual ordinance itself, we reviewed the draft language from 2010 to see if any elements needed to be updated. We did make a few minor text updates, primarily to update the zone descriptions and dimensions that changed the airfield configuration items that we previously discussed.

We also made a few other minor edits, such as removing the City of Bloomington from the list of JAZB participants since the proposed zoning surfaces do not extend into the municipal boundary, and also clarified a few items related to airspace evaluations and judicial review procedures. Other than these minor edits and clarifications, there were no substantial differences between the draft ordinance moving forward now and the one that moved forward back in 2010. We do have a track-changed version of the draft ordinance language available, so anyone interested to see the exact edits that have been made to the previous version of the ordinance can see them.

Which brings us to the next steps for the

process. This public comment period is open until
Wednesday, March 14th. If you would like to provide
written comments beyond any verbal testimony that you
make here tonight, you can either fill out a comment
form before you leave -- and Shelly in the back can
point you to those if you're interested in that -- you
can mail comments to us at the address in the notice or
on the slide, or you can send them via e-mail as well.
The e-mail address is in the notice for your use.

After the public comment period closes, the JAZB will review all testimony and comments submitted, then it will schedule its next meeting to discuss any proposed changes to the draft ordinance based on public input and the timeline for submittal to MnDOT.

After submitting the draft ordinance to MnDOT, the Board will await their comments and then work to address any feedback items that they have. We do expect that MnDOT will provide comments relative to areas where the draft JAZB ordinance deviates from the state model, and we look forward to productive dialogue with them about the justifications for those deviations based on the robust technical work of this group.

After MnDOT approves the airport zoning ordinance, we will hold another public hearing to present the final version to interested community

1	members, then the JAZB will take action to formally
2	adopt the final ordinance, to be followed by formal
3	adoption and implementation by the participating
4	municipalities. We hope to finalize these steps yet
5	during 2018
6	So, Chair Aho, that concludes my presentation,
7	but I would be happy for a few minutes to take
8	questions until the public hearing starts at 6:30, if
9	that would be something you would like to do
10	CHAIR AHO: Yeah. So that gives about 5
11	minutes. So if anyone has questions, now would be a
12	good time, because during the public testimony, we're
13	really just receiving testimony. We're not here to
14	answer questions as part of this. We're just going to
15	read or hear the testimony and read it into the
16	record.
17	So if anyone has a question for Mr Ralston,
18	now would be a great time to do that.
19	MR. TRAUGHBER: Hi My name is Tom
20	Traughber: I live on Red Rock Lake, and I have a
21	federally licensed amateur radio station with a 60-foot
22	radio tower, and I do emit electronic emissions. It
23	seems like this
24	(Interruption in proceedings.)
25	MR. TRAUGHBER: So I'm wondering, given

1	that my station has a federal license, how is this
2	Zone C going to impact my operation?
3	MR. RALSTON: Sir, it will not. If you
4	have a federal license and it doesn't have any your
5	activity does not have any adverse impact on flight
6	activity at the airport, which if you've been doing
7	this for a while, it sounds like
8	MR. TRAUGHBER: Twenty years.
9	MR. RALSTON: it hasn't, it's not going
10	to impact it.
11	MR. TRAUGHBER: Thank you.
12	MR. RALSTON: You're welcome.
13	CHAIR AHO: Anyone else have any questions
14	that they'd like to ask?
15	MS. LANGSDORF: Does it affect any
16	cellular towers or radio station you know, us
17	getting service?
18	MR. RALSTON: No. I mean, we're
19	trying to protect against things that would interfere
20	with the use of the existing equipment on the airport
21	or the communications between pilots and air traffic
22	controllers, and, I mean, these things are all going on
23	today. So cell phones' frequencies tend to be on a
24	completely different frequency spectrum than aviation
25	frequencies. There's not going to be any changes. We

1	just want to be able to address any issues that come up
2	with somebody using some very specialized equipment
3	that would start having interference. It's highly
4	unlikely to happen, but it's one of those things we
5	want to protect against
6	MS. LANGSDORF: Thank you.
7	MR. RALSTON: You're welcome.
8	CHAIR AHO: Any other questions?
9	(No response.)
10	CHAIR AHO: It looks like you did a great
11	job and you've answered all the questions, and I think
12	everyone is happy.
13	So at this time well, at 6:30, we've got
14	2 minutes left, then we'll start taking public
15	testimony.
16	Mr. Beard.
17	MR. BEARD: Well, Mr. Chairman, as long as
18	we're kind of running in place waiting for the clock to
19	wind down
20	CHAIR AHO: Yep.
21	MR. BEARD: Neil, I'm interested in Safety
22	Zone A. It's smaller than MnDOT's what MnDOT likes
23	to see. Can you talk about how the commissioners are
24	going to react to that, or have we had any experience
25	with dealing with that? I've had some past experience

200 51	5 0669 Paradicus Parastina & Cantionina #112121
25	Any other questions from commissioners or
24	CHAIR AHO: Great. Thank you.
23	MR. BEARD: Thanks.
22	MR. RALSTON: Sir, that is correct.
21	MR. BEARD: Okay.
20	MR. RALSTON: That's
19	than what the FAA is subscribing or prescribing?
18	protection zone; MnDOT's is a little more expansive
17	zoning ordinance here comports with the FAA's
16	clear, Neil, what you're proposing in this revised
15	MR. BEARD: So, Mr. Chairman, then to be
14	reasonable to make that correlation.
13	them together. We hope MnDOT agrees that it's
12	in Zone A, and that it makes a lot of sense to pair
11	the RPZ is very consistent with what MnDOT would have
10	believe that, you know, the FAA's criteria related to
9	the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport. We
8	place at MSP. That was part of the zoning ordinance at
7	the FAA's runway protection zone. We do have that in
6	JAZB ordinance is a concurrent full size and shape with
5	members, we are proposing that the Safety Zone A in the
4	MR. RALSTON: Yeah, Commissioner, Board
3	that, if I'm not mistaken.
2	that, and we're asking, I think, for a variance from
1	with that thousand-foot RPZ, they're pretty proud of

1	anyone in the audience?
2	Go ahead, sir.
3	MR. WINGERT: I have a question I
4	apologize, I was late.
5	You know, when we had the Super Bowl here, we
6	had planes everywhere in Flying Cloud and there was a
7	lot of noise. Do you is this a proposal to expand
8	the runways and have bigger aircraft?
9	MR RALSTON: No, sir. This has to do
10	with the zoning ordinance has to do with land use
11	and height restrictions around the airport to provide a
12	balance between protecting pilots and people on the
13	ground. It has nothing to do with expanding the
14	airport
15	MR. WINGERT: Larger aircraft coming here?
16	It has nothing to do with larger aircraft?
17	MR. RALSTON: That is correct:
18	MR. WINGERT: Okay
19	MR. RALSTON: This is purely to protect
20	the existing infrastructure.
21	MR. TSCHOHL: Mr. Chair?
22	CHAIR AHO: Yes.
23	MR. TSCHOHL: One more question. There
24	were two questions from the public about radio
25	transmitters, other sources of interference. Just for

1 the record, would anything licensed by the FCC not be 2 affected by this? Is that your understanding? 3 MR. RALSTON: My understanding is anything 4 licensed by the FCC would have that review built in to make sure that it would not interfere with aviation 5 6 frequencies. 7 MR. TSCHOHL: Thank you. 8 CHAIR AHO: All right. Well, it is 6:30 9 now, so now I'd like to open the floor up to comments 10 by the public. 11 So we'll now take public testimony. Aqain, 12 speaker cards are located at the entrance to this room, 13 so if you've not filled out a card but would like to 14 speak, please raise your hand and a card will be 15 brought to you. We will not be answering any more 16 public questions tonight. Really, this is just about 17 hearing from the public on the Joint Airport Zoning 18 Board proposed zoning. 19 And so we are not going to be taking any action 20 or making any recommendation tonight. All of the 21 verbal and written comments will be taken into 22 consideration before taking final action at a future 23 meeting of the Joint Airport Zoning Board. 24 So a reminder to all of the JAZB members,

25

tonight's hearing is primarily for the public to

provide comments. Once the hearing is complete and all comments are received, we, the JAZB members, will have our chance to review the public record and deliberate before voting. While the chair does not wish to discourage JAZB members' questions or discussion today, it might be better to hold them for a later meeting when we have the benefit of the full public record.

And again, the public record is open, as Mr. Neil said, until 5 p.m. on Wednesday, March 14th, 2018. So there's a few weeks for people to get their notes into the public record, and if you want to -- oh, entering -- so, yeah. Let's see here.

If you want to deliver materials, you may make it a part of the record. Deliver them to the Board secretary at the Metropolitan Airports Commission, which is located at 6040 28th Avenue South,

Minneapolis, Minnesota 55450, or you may transmit them by e-mail to fcm.zoning@mspamc.org [sic]. And if you need that again, talk to someone and we'll get that for you.

But finally, the Board requests that the public testimony focus on the proposed Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance. And again, let me note that this is not a public hearing on airport noise.

So at this time I don't have any cards for

1	requested speakers. I see we do have some back in the
2	back. Would you mind bringing those forward, and then
3	I will call the people forward as
4	MS. CAMBRIDGE: These are blanks.
5	MR. RALSTON: Mr. Chair, while we're doing
6	that, I have a couple exhibits I'd like to enter into
7	the formal public meeting record, if that would be
8	okay.
9	CHAIR AHO: Okay. Oh, I see.
10	I'm sorry, say that again.
11	MR. RALSTON: I have a couple exhibits
12	that I'd like to enter into the public record before we
13	go into public testimony, so
14	CHAIR AHO: Yes, I see that. I skipped
15	that part. I apologize.
16	MR. RALSTON: It's okay. Not to worry.
17	CHAIR AHO: So, yes, please at this
18	time, Mr. Ralston, please proceed with entering those
19	into the public record.
20	MR. RALSTON: All right. Thank you, Chair
21	Aho.
22	Notice of this public hearing was published in
23	several places: First of all, the Star Tribune
24	newspaper on February 12th and February 19th, 2018; it
25	was published in the Eden Prairie News newspaper on
1	

February 15th; and in the State Register on February 12th. In addition, notices were mailed to the governing boards of the JAZB members' cities, Hennepin and Scott Counties, to property owners within approximately 1 mile of the Flying Cloud Airport boundary as determined by the City of Eden Prairie, and distributed electronically to persons subscribing to the Metropolitan Airports Commission GovDelivery news service.

Notice was also posted on the Flying Cloud
Airport JAZB page of the MAC website. The notice and
proposed Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance were
made available for public inspection at the following
locations: The Metropolitan Airports Commission main
office, the city halls of the cities of Eden Prairie,
Shakopee, and Chanhassen, and at the Eden Prairie
Library.

The following exhibits that are part of the public hearing record at this point in time will be entered into the formal record.

First is Exhibit A, which is the Draft Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance that's dated January 18th, 2018.

Exhibit B is the Draft Flying Cloud Airport
Zoning Ordinance Technical Report, dated January 18th,

1	2018, and updated on February 6th, 2018.
2	Exhibit C is the public presentation that I
3	made this evening here at the public hearing.
4	Exhibit D is the notice of public comment
5	period and public hearing for the Draft Flying Cloud
6	Airport Zoning Ordinance. That's the letter that most
7	of you should have received in the mail.
8	Exhibit E is the affidavits of publication on
9	the public notice of the public notice in the Star
10	Tribune, Eden Prairie News, and State Register, dated
11	February 23rd, February 21st, and February 12th, 2018,
12	respectively.
13	Exhibit F is the affidavit of mailing of the
14	public notice, dated February 12th, 2018.
15	Exhibit G is the affidavit of web posting of
16	the public notice, dated February 26th, 2018.
17	Exhibit H is the affidavit of GovDelivery
18	distribution of the public notice, dated February 26th,
19	2018.
20	And last but certainly not least, Exhibit I is
21	the Flying Cloud Airport Joint Airport Zoning Board
22	record for the meeting held on January 18th, 2018.
23	CHAIR AHO: All right. Thank you,
24	Mr. Ralston, for reading that into the record. Sorry I
25	missed you the first time.

1 Now we are open to comments by the 2 public. So is there anyone that wishes to speak and 3 make comments on the proposed Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance? (No response.) 6 CHAIR AHO: And again, if you don't want 7 to make them tonight formally at this meeting, you have until March 14th to do so, and that can be through 9 e-mail, and the e-mail address was in the presentation. 10 What I read just a moment ago was incorrect. It should 11 be fcm.zoning@mspmac.org, mspmac.org. So that's the 12 correct e-mail address. So if anyone wants to --13 wishes to do that, you can do it by e-mail or you can 14 do it by mailing it in or stopping in at the 15 commission. 16 So is there any -- I'll give you another 17 opportunity. Anyone that wishes to make public comment 18 on the proposed zoning? 19 (No response.) 20 CHAIR AHO: All right I'll ask one more 21 time. Any further comments? Anyone like to make any 22 comments? 23 (No response.) 24 CHAIR AHO: Seeing none, I will close the 25 public hearing, and I'd like to remind everyone that

the hearing record will remain open until 5 p.m., Wednesday, March 14th, 2018. You may mail or deliver the materials that you wish to make a part of the record to the Board secretary at the Metropolitan Airports Commission, located at 6040 28th Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55450, or you may transmit them by e-mail to fcm.zoning@mspmac.org

Under state law, there's a number of additional steps that must take place prior to the adoption of a zoning ordinance, and Mr. Ralston went over those steps just previously. After the close of the comment period, this JAZB Board will meet again and we will review those public comments and decide whether to make any changes to this draft zoning airport -- airport zoning ordinance.

This ordinance would then be submitted to the commissioner for the Minnesota Department of Transportation for review and approval. After the commissioner's review, the JAZB will hold a second public hearing and submit the proposed ordinance to the Commissioner of Transportation a second time prior to adopting a zoning ordinance at the subsequent meeting.

So I'd like to just take this opportunity to thank everyone for your attention, thank you for coming out and participating, and we appreciate the interest

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1
      in our airport and the zoning around it.
 2
              So thank you for attending, and the public
 3
      hearing is now closed, and the meeting of the Joint
 4
      Airport Zoning Board is adjourned.
 5
              Thank you.
 6
                    (Proceedings concluded at 6:40 p.m.)
 7
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	
4	I, Caitlin J, Albrecht, Notary Public of and
5	for the State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the
6	foregoing pages of typewritten material constitutes an
7	accurate verbatim stenographic record taken by me of
8	the Arbitration Proceedings aforementioned on the 27th
9	day of February, 2018, at the times and place
10	specified.
11	
12	
13	DATED: March 8, 2018.
14	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
15	Caitlin J. Albrotht
16	•
17	Caitlin J. Albrecht
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Item D –

Public Presentation Slides

Flying Cloud Airport

Joint Airport Zoning Board



27 February 2018

Public Hearing #1 – Overview of Proposed Airport Zoning Ordinance

Presentation Agenda

- Purpose & Goals
- Review of FCM Zoning Historical Timeline
- Summary of Draft FCM Airport Zoning Ordinance
- Next Steps

Terminology Key:

- Flying Cloud Airport = FCM
- Joint Airport Zoning Board = JAZB
- Minnesota Department of Transportation, Office of Aeronautics = MnDOT
- Federal Aviation Administration = FAA



Presentation Agenda

- Purpose & Goals
- Review of FCM Zoning Historical Timeline
- Summary of Draft FCM Airport Zoning Ordinance
- Next Steps



JAZB Purpose & Goals

Why is airport safety zoning important now?

- State requirements/expectations and funding implications
- Pace of development in the vicinity of Flying Cloud Airport is increasing
- Revenue-generating use opportunities on airport property
- Certainty for surrounding community
- Finish what was started in 2009



JAZB Purpose & Goals

Through a collaborative process, the JAZB seeks to develop an airport zoning ordinance that achieves a balance between a reasonable level of public safety and compatible community

development.



In determining what minimum airport zoning regulations to adopt, Minnesota State Statutes guide the JAZB to consider the **social and economic costs of restricting land uses** versus the **benefits derived from a strict application of the standards of the commissioner** (the State Model Zoning Ordinance).

JAZB Purpose & Goals

Goals for the FCM JAZB include:

- Develop an FCM zoning ordinance for review and approval by the Commissioner of Transportation for subsequent adoption by the Board and then by local communities
- Update relevant sections of 2010 draft Zoning Ordinance to reflect current conditions
- Ensure appropriate level of stakeholder/community engagement



City of Eden Prairie City of Shakopee

JAZB Participants

City of Chanhassen Metropolitan Airports Commission

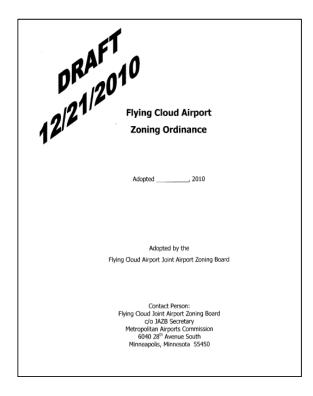
Presentation Agenda

- Purpose & Goals
- Review of FCM Zoning Historical Timeline
- Summary of Draft FCM Airport Zoning Ordinance
- Next Steps



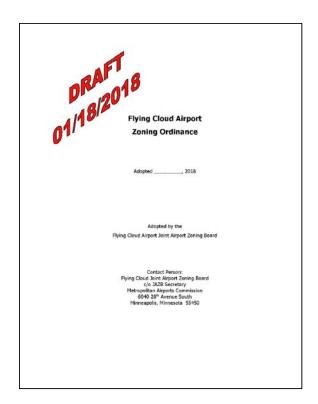
JAZB Historical Timeline and Accomplishments

- July 2009: First FCM JAZB meeting
- August 2009 April 2010: JAZB develops Draft Airport Zoning Ordinance
- April 2010: First Public Hearing for the draft Ordinance
- December 2010: JAZB approves submittal of Draft Airport Zoning Ordinance to MnDOT Commissioner
- **Early 2011**: MAC requests that MnDOT temporarily suspend Ordinance review due to legal uncertainties surrounding airport zoning related litigation pending at the time
- 2011 2015: Court cases resolved
- 2016: Decision made to re-convene FCM JAZB to move forward with the Draft Airport Zoning Ordinance



JAZB Historical Timeline and Accomplishments

- September 2017: First meeting of the re-convened FCM JAZB
- October 2017 January 2018: JAZB reviews/updates
 Draft Airport Zoning Ordinance
 - Included updates to supporting studies: Safety/Risk Study and Economic Impact Analysis
- January 18, 2018: FCM JAZB formally approves updated Draft FCM Airport Zoning Ordinance for public review, comment, and hearing
- **February 27, 2018:** Public Hearing for updated Draft Airport Zoning Ordinance

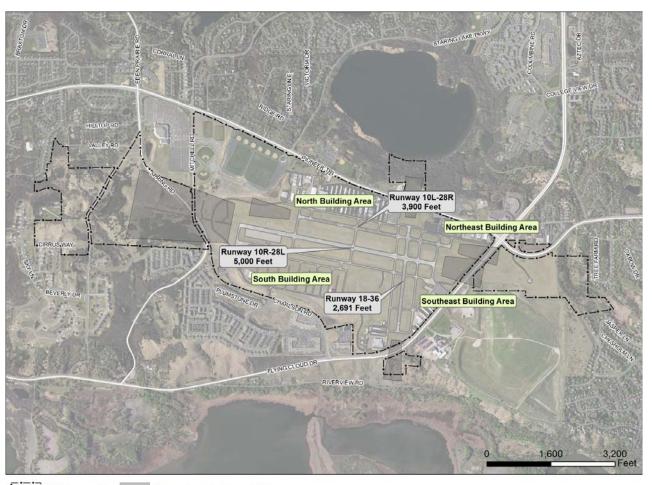


Presentation Agenda

- Purpose & Goals
- Review of FCM Zoning Historical Timeline
- Summary of Draft FCM Airport Zoning Ordinance
- Next Steps



FCM Airfield Configuration



Runway 18-36 Length

- Updated Zoning Ordinance 2,691 feet (existing length)
 - 2010 Draft Zoning Ordinance 2,800 feet

Runway 10L-28R (north parallel)

- Updated Zoning Ordinance "Utility" designation
 - 2010 Draft Zoning Ordinance "Other Than Utility" designation
 - No change to length or width

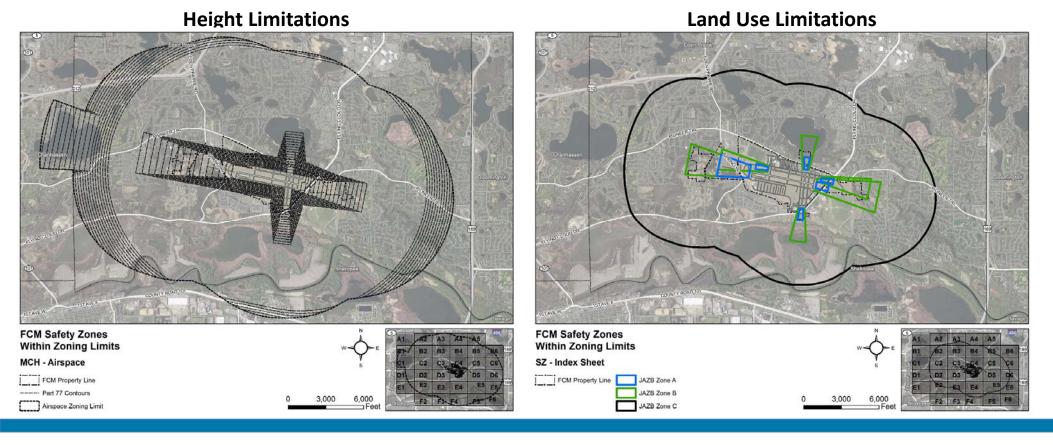
Runway 10R-28L (south parallel)

No change

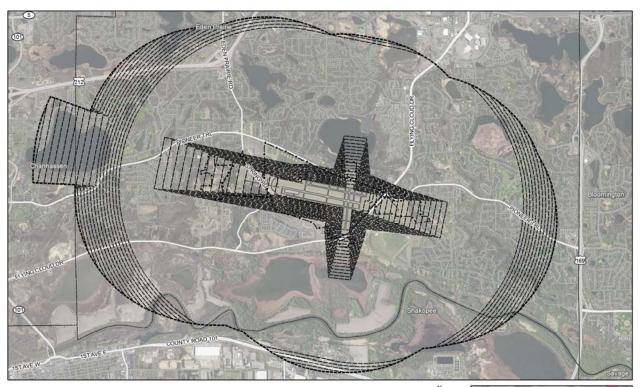
Airfield configuration changes from the 2010 Draft Zoning Ordinance result in less restrictive zoning areas

Airport Zoning Ordinance Overview

Two primary components



FCM Airspace Zones (Height)

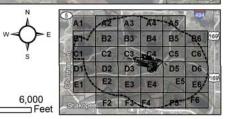


FCM Safety Zones Within Zoning Limits

MCH - Airspace

FCM Property Line

Airspace Zoning Limit

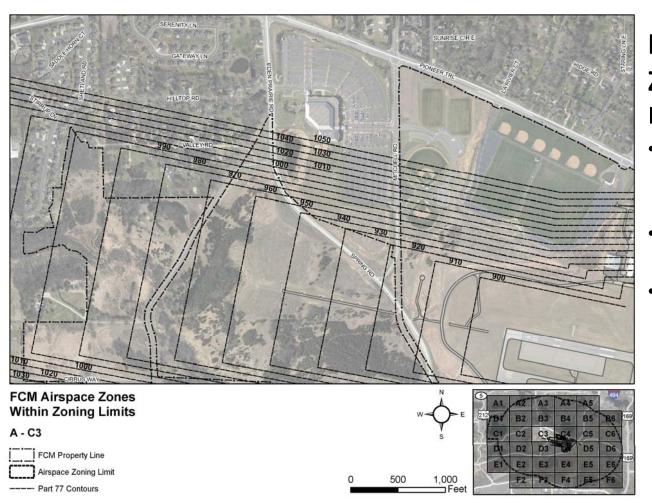


Height limitations imposed by Zoning Ordinance

Based on FAA Airspace criteria

- Limits the height of structures and vegetation under FCM airspace surfaces.
- Penetrations to the Airspace Zones will require a variance issued by a Board of Adjustment
 - Exception no variance required if the FAA issues a No Hazard airspace determination

FCM Airspace Zones (Height)

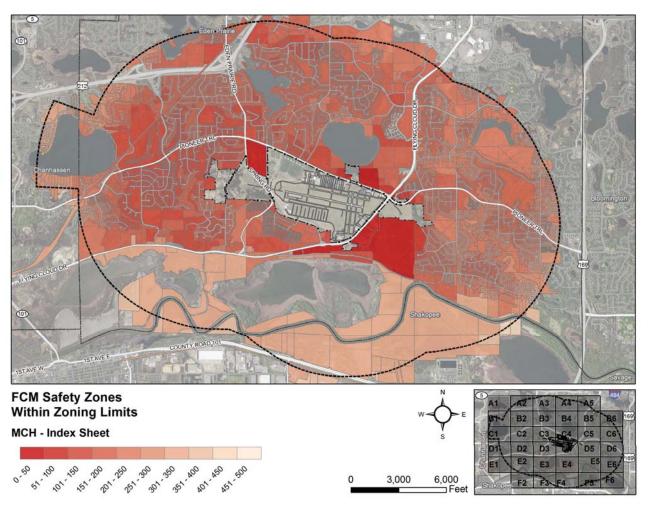


Height limitations imposed by Zoning Ordinance

Based on FAA Airspace criteria

- Grid maps in the Draft Ordinance show airspace surface heights in 10-foot intervals
- Heights are expressed as mean sea level, not above ground level
- More specificity provided on Maximum Construction Height Without Permit maps

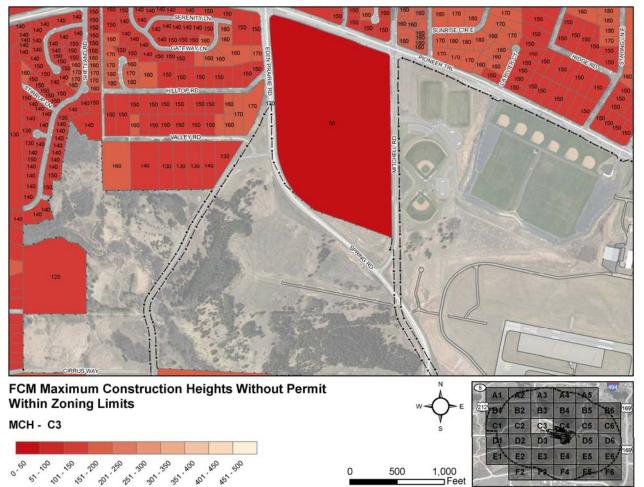
FCM Maximum Construction Height Without Permit (Height)



Establishes a height per parcel up to which an airport zoning permit is not needed

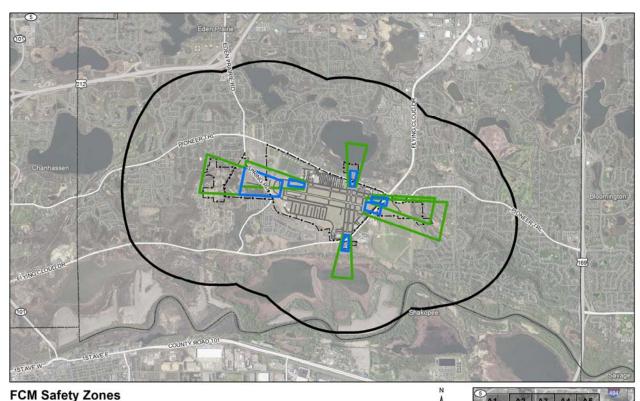
- Used updated 1-foot airspace contours and more precise ground elevation contours
- Provides a buffer to Airspace Zones
- Exceeding the Maximum Construction
 Height Without Permit will require an
 Airport Zoning Permit from the City
 Zoning Administrator

FCM Maximum Construction Height Without Permit (Height)



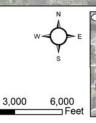
Establishes a height per parcel up to which an airport zoning permit is not needed

- Grid maps in the Draft Ordinance show Maximum Construction Heights
 Without Permit for each parcel
- Heights are expressed above ground level
- In most cases, the airport zoning height limitations would be less restrictive than maximum heights allowed in the municipal zoning code.



FCM Safety Zones Within Zoning Limits SZ - Index Sheet FCM Property Line JAZB Zone A







JAZB Safety Zones Overview

JAZB Safety Zone A

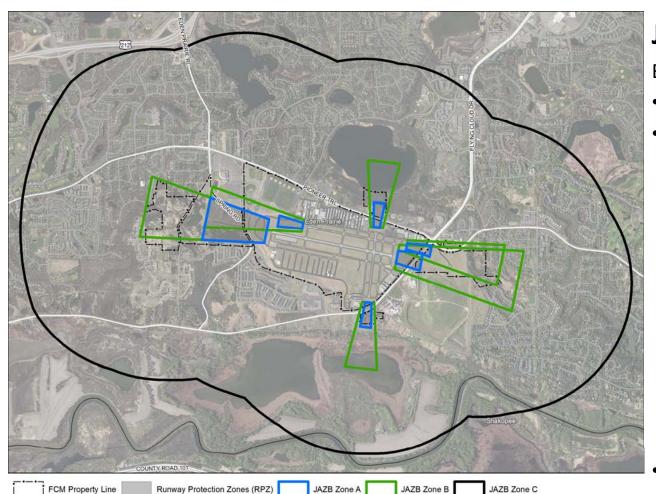
- Most restrictive safety zone
- Prohibits the development of structures

JAZB Safety Zone B

- Less restrictive zone
- Prohibits certain land uses
- Allows residential development in Permitted Residential Areas
- Requires contiguous open space

JAZB Safety Zone C

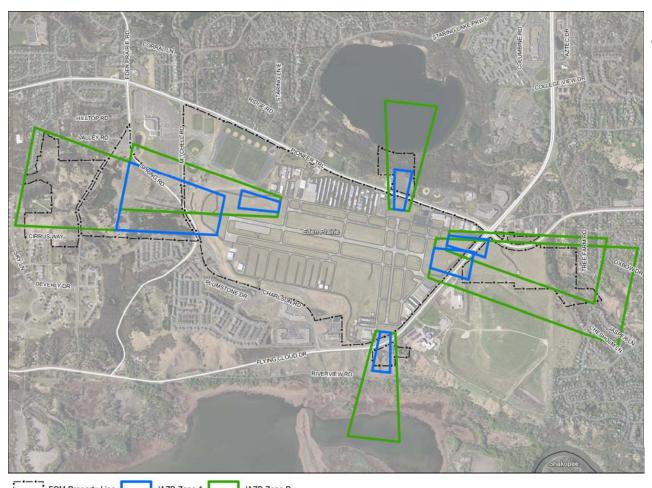
- Least restrictive zone
- General land use restrictions against flight interference



JAZB Safety Zone C

Black elllipsoid line

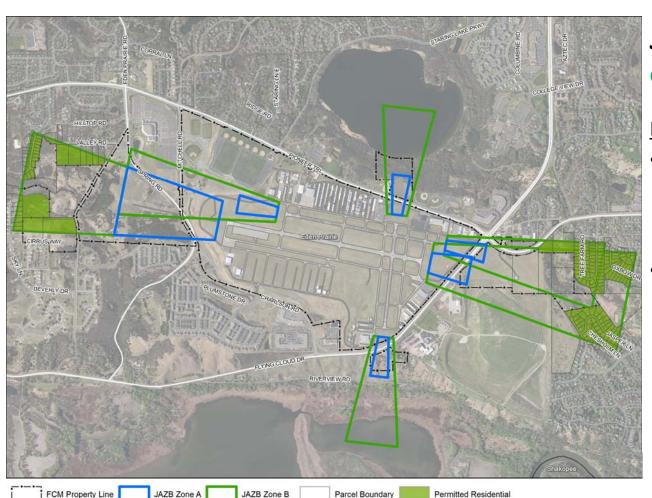
- Least restrictive safety zone
- General prohibitions against land uses that would:
 - Create or cause interference with the operations of radio or electronic facilities
 - Create or causes interference with radio or electronic communications between FCM and aircraft
 - Make it difficult for pilots to distinguish between Airport lights and other lights
 - Result in glare in the eyes of pilots using FCM
 - Impair visibility in the vicinity of FCM
 - Otherwise endanger the landing, taking off, or maneuvering of aircraft in the runway approach areas.
- These apply to Zones A & B as well



JAZB Safety Zone B

Green trapezoid

- More restrictive safety zone
- Prohibits certain land uses
 - Amphitheaters, churches, hospitals, nursing homes, schools, stadiums, theaters, wildlife attractants
- Based on State Model Zone dimensions
- Less restrictive land use controls than State Model Zone B
 - No minimum parcel size for development
 - No site population restrictions based on site acreage
 - Based on detailed safety/risk study and economic impact analysis

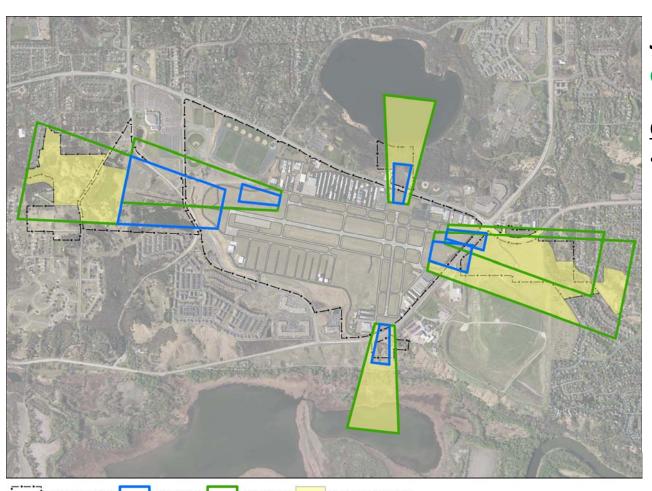


JAZB Safety Zone B

Green trapezoid

Permitted Residential Areas

- Allows for the improvement, expansion, and development of new residential uses in areas guided for residential development
- These Permitted Residential Areas are recognized and treated as conforming land uses

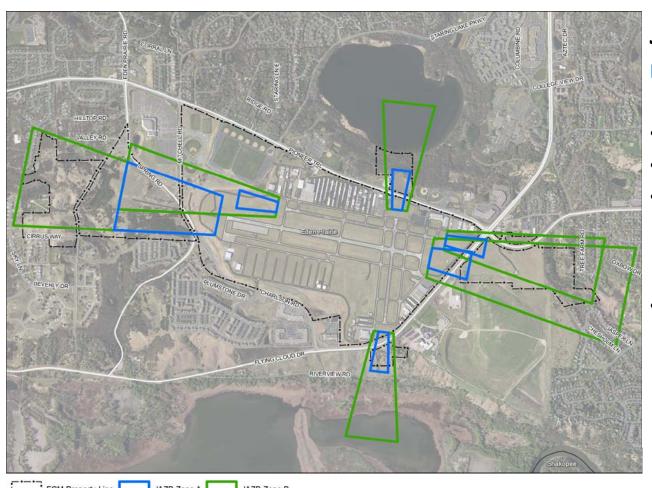


JAZB Safety Zone B

Green trapezoid

Contiguous Open Space

- Requires a minimum of 20% of total
 Zone B acreage or 20 acres, whichever is
 greater, to remain as contiguous open
 space
 - Applies to the totality of Zone B, not per parcel
 - Requirement easily met by existing airport land and other land guided to remain as open space or not regularly occupied

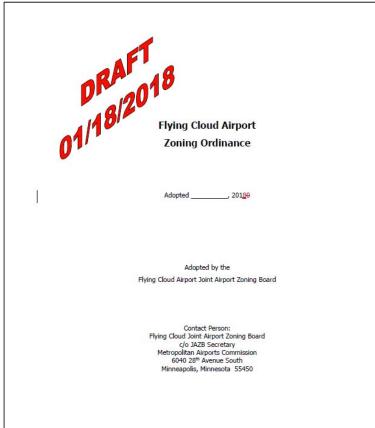


JAZB Safety Zone A

Blue trapezoid

- Most restrictive safety zone
- Prohibits the development of structures
- Co-terminus with FAA Runway Protection Zones (RPZ)
 - The RPZ has similar land use restrictions
 - Mostly contained to airport-owned property
- Smaller than State Model Zone A
 - Based on detailed safety/risk study and economic impact analysis

FCM Draft Zoning Ordinance Language



Minor updates and clarifications from 2010 draft language

- Mostly updates to zone descriptions and dimensions based on minor airfield configuration changes
- Removed City of Bloomington from the list of JAZB participants
- Adding clarifying language about airspace evaluation process
- Clarified judicial review language

Presentation Agenda

- Purpose & Goals
- Review of FCM Zoning Historical Timeline
- Summary of Draft FCM Airport Zoning Ordinance
- Next Steps



Next Steps / Timeline

Next Steps

- Public comment period ends on March 14, 2018
- JAZB reviews comments submitted during public comment period
- JAZB schedules next meeting to:
 - Review public comments and proposed responses
 - Approve submittal of Updated Draft FCM Airport Zoning Ordinance to MnDOT for review
- Submit Draft Flying Cloud Zoning Ordinance to MnDOT
- Receive MnDOT comments and submit response
- Hold 2nd Public Hearing after MnDOT approval
- Final adoption of the Zoning Ordinance by JAZB
- Adoption and enforcement of the FCM Airport Zoning Ordinance by participating municipalities



Comments can be sent to:

Secretary to the FCM Joint Airport Zoning Board Metropolitan Airports Commission 6040 28th Avenue South Minneapolis, MN 55450

-- or --

emailed to: fcm.zoning@mspmac.org

Flying Cloud Airport

Joint Airport Zoning Board



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Item E –

List of Exhibits Entered into the Public Hearing Record

List of exhibits entered into the record during the Public Hearing:

- Exhibit A Draft Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance dated January 18, 2018
- Exhibit B Draft Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance Technical Report dated January
 18, 2018 and updated on February 6, 2018
- Exhibit C Public Presentation by Neil Ralston, Airport Planner, Metropolitan Airports
 Commission
- Exhibit D Notice of Public Comment Period and Public Hearing for Draft Flying Cloud
 Airport Zoning Ordinance
- Exhibit E Affidavits of Publication of the Public Notice in the Star Tribune, Eden Prairie
 News, and State Register, dated February 23, February 21, and February 12, 2018
 respectively
- Exhibit F Affidavit of Mailing of the Public Notice, dated February 12, 2018
- Exhibit G Affidavit of web posting of the Public Notice, dated February 26, 2018
- Exhibit H Affidavit of GovDelivery distribution of the Public Notice, dated February 26,
 2018
- Exhibit I Flying Cloud Airport Joint Airport Zoning Board meeting record for January 18, 2018

These exhibits are available upon request to Shelly Cambridge, JAZB Secretary, at 612-726-8144 or via email at Shelly.Cambridge@mspmac.org.

Item F –

Written Public Comments and Responses

FLYING CLOUD AIRPORT DRAFT AIRPORT ZONING ORDINANCE PUBLIC COMMENTS AND RESPONSES

RESPONSES TO PUBLIC COMMENTS

This section contains responses to comments received about the Draft Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance.

Commenter	ID	Subject	Response		
	Writte	en Comments Received During th			
(February 12 – March 14, 2018)					
Gary Hammer Eden Prairie, MN Email dated February 11, 2018	1	My only comment about the proposal is that the airport has taken over our neighborhood over the years. Typical of Minnesota planning, development occurs after residential neighborhoods have been built and then the people living there are expected to go along with every proposal. The MAC needs to work in its website for reporting noise violations (it didn't work for me the last time a jet flew over our home at 3:00 am) and acknowledge calls made to its telephone center reporting violations. Last time, I left a voice mail and received nothing back. That indicates to me that there isn't much interest in violations. Other than that we don't mind the air traffic at Flying Cloud and actually enjoy watching it.	The JAZB's purpose is to collaboratively develop an airport zoning ordinance that achieves a balance between providing for a reasonable level of public safety while allowing for compatible community development. The implementation of airport zoning remains important for FCM for the following reasons: • Airport safety zoning accomplishes the state law direction to prevent airport hazards, and MnDOT's expectation is that the JAZB will successfully zone FCM in order to avoid potential airport grant funding implications; • The pace of development around FCM is only increasing and the lack of an adopted airport safety zoning ordinance is creating uncertainty and confusion about possible land use controls and/or restrictions; • MAC would like to continue to pursue non-aeronautical uses of some FCM parcels located within designated safety zones. Uncertainty regarding zoning is holding up land release approvals. Adoption of an Airport Zoning Ordinance will not alter the number, frequency or noise level of traffic at Flying Cloud Airport. The present zoning effort underway is not being conducted to justify future airport expansion or to increase the size of aircraft operating at FCM.		
			The portion of the comment pertaining to the noise complaint reporting system was		

			forwarded to the MAC Noise Program Office Specialist who followed up with the commenter.
Dan Blake	2	Can you please tell me if my	Responded as follows via email:
Eden Prairie, MN		property is within the proposed JAZB Safety Zone B?	Good afternoon, and thank you for your inquiry.
Email dated February 12, 2018			Your property is not within the proposed JAZB Safety Zone B.
Tyler	3	Does the prohibition of land	Responded as follows via email:
Stevenson Email dated		use that results in glare in the eyes of pilots using FCM apply to the use of solar	Thank you for your question.
February 11, 2018		panels on the roof of a homestead within safety zone C?	The proposed Flying Cloud Airport Zoning Ordinance does not seek to prohibit the installation of solar panels on residential rooftops within Safety Zone C. If a particular solar installation is determined to cause glare issues for pilots using the airport, we would want to work with the property owner to mitigate the visual impairment. However, based on operational experience, the likelihood of a residential rooftop solar installation to cause a serious glare problem is expected to be a rare occasion. In the event that a property owner wishes to be proactive about the potential from glare from a specific solar installation, there is an option of submitting an airspace review case to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) so they can take a look at it. Please let me know if you would like any further information about this process.
			,
Compthis Diama	4	Manallan Dinalina maintain	Again, thank you for your question.
Cynthia Pierce Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P. Tulsa, OK Email dated March 9, 2018	4	Magellan Pipeline maintains a 12-inch high-pressured petroleum products pipeline and associated easements across the proposed Flying Cloud Airport zoning area. Please see attached GIS drawing showing the approximate location of the pipeline to the zoning area. While Magellan has no comments at this time, please continue to notify Magellan at the address and e-mail cited below of all activity.	Comment acknowledged.
		Please acknowledge receipt of this e-mail. Thank you!	

From:

Gary Hammer <sledgehammer1951@gmail.com>

Sent:

Sunday, February 11, 2018 7:26 AM

To: Subject:

fcm.zoning@mspmac.org Proposal on Flying Cloud

My only comment about the proposal is that the airport has taken over our neighborhood over the years. Typical of Minnesota planning, development occurs after residential neighborhoods have been built and then the people living there are expected to go along with every proposal.

The MAC needs to work in its website for reporting noise violations (it didn't work for me the last time a jet flew over our home at 3:00 am) and acknowledge calls made to its telephone center reporting violations. Last time, I left a voice mail and received nothing back. That indicates to me that there isn't much interest in violations.

Other than that we don't mind the air traffic at Flying Cloud and actually enjoy watching it.

Gary Hammer 9841 Laguna Cir Eden Prairie, MN

From:

Dan Blake <danblake.ep@gmail.com>

Sent:

Monday, February 12, 2018 5:09 PM

To: Subject: fcm.zoning@mspmac.org Eden Prairie zoning proposal

Can you please tell me if my property is within the proposed JAZB Safety Zone B?

PID: 2911622210050 16831 Cedarcrest Dr Eden Prairie, MN 55347

Thank you

Dan Blake 612.282.5482

From:

Tyler Stevenson <tyler.stevenson1@gmail.com>

Sent:

Monday, February 12, 2018 8:02 PM

To:

fcm.zoning@mspmac.org

Subject:

Flying Cloud Zoning Hearing

Hello,

Does the prohibition of land use that results in glare in the eyes of pilots using FCM apply to the use of solar panels on the roof of a homestead within safety zone C?

Thank you, Tyler

Tyler Stevenson Cell: 612-251-3990

From:

Pierce, Cynthia < Cynthia. Pierce@magellanlp.com>

Sent:

Friday, March 09, 2018 4:17 PM

To:

fcm.zoning@mspmac.org; mnmac@public.govdelivery.com

Cc:

Smith, Brian D.; Boudreaux, Scott; Ward, Leah

Subject:

18-519: Flying Cloud Airport (FCM) Zoning Ordinance - Hennepin County, MN

Attachments:

18-519.pdf

Importance:

High

Follow Up Flag: Flag Status:

Follow up Completed

Metropolitan Airports Commission Zoning Board:

Magellan Pipeline maintains a <u>12-inch high-pressured petroleum products pipeline and associated easements</u> across the proposed Flying Cloud Airport zoning area. Please see attached GIS drawing showing the approximate location of the pipeline to the zoning area. While Magellan has no comments at this time, please continue to notify Magellan at the address and e-mail cited below of all activity.

Please acknowledge receipt of this e-mail. Thank you!

~Cynthia Pierce
H. Cynthia Pierce
Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P.
PO Box 22186, MD OTC-8
Tulsa, OK 74121-2186
Office: 918-574-7464
Fax: 918-574-7885

cynthia.pierce@magellanlp.com

Make Safety An Everyday Priority!



Know what's **below. Call** before you dig.

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MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. **HENNEPIN COUNTY, MINNESOTA** Know what's **below. Call before yo**u dig. Hennepin County, MN Legend Magellan Pipeline (Approx. Location) Safety Zone A Staring Lake Safety Zone B Staring La e Park Safety Zone C County Section Flying Cloud Airport For Actual Pipeline Location Contact Local Field Rep. Flying Cloud Dr This copy is not a survey and has been furnished by Magellan Pipeline Company, L.P. (Magellan) for information as to approximate locations only of any ipelines or other facilities shown thereon. Magellar disclaims any representations as to accuracy or completeness of the information depicted on this Grass Lake copy and makes no warranties regarding accuracy or completeness of such information depicted nereon. Actual locations of pipelines and facilities nust be determined on-site through timely contact vith the appropriate One Call agency - Call 811 and coordination with Magellan. Excavation, grading, construction and/or vehicle traffic in the vicinity of the pipeline(s) and facilities shown on this copy are prohibited without written permission from Magellan or other owners of pipelines or facilities depicted hereon. Drawn Bv: Latonya Schlecht Blue Lake Cynthia Pierce Real Estate Rep: (918) 574-7464 Scott County, MN Brian Smith Local Field Rep: (612) 759-3047 18-519 MPL Project #: Date: 02-14-2018