

# **Educational Session #1 Airports and Regulatory Structure**



# Purpose:

# Educate the Commission on the basics of airport and aviation operations

## **LEAAC Education Sessions**

# Meeting 1: Airports and Regulatory Structure

Purpose: Educate the Commission on how airports are regulated and how 21D fits into that regulatory system

#### Topics:

- 1. Overview of Aviation
- Overview of Local Aviation
- 3. Overview of 21D
- 4. Airport Regulators
- 5. Airport Funding & Economic Output

# **Meeting 2: Aircraft and Flight Operations**

Purpose: Educate the Commission on the basic principles of aircraft work and standard flight operations at general aviation airports like 21D

#### Topics:

- 1. Fundamentals of Flight
- 2. Pilot certificates
- 3. Typical Aircraft
- 4. Towered and Non-Towered Airport Traffic
- 5. 21D Specific Operations

# **Meeting 3: Stakeholders and Common Issues and Solutions**

Purpose: Educate the Commission on who has a stake in the airport and typical concerns and solutions at general aviation airports like 21D

#### Topics:

- 1. Stakeholders
- Concerns: Noise, Environmental and Safety
- 3. Solutions: NAP, Engagement, Regulations, Pilot in Command
- 4. 21D Specific Stakeholders Issues and Solutions



## Session 1: Outline



## Today's Purpose:

Educate the Commission on how airports are regulated and how 21D fits into that regulatory system

## Airports and Regulatory Structure

- 1. Overview of Aviation
- Overview of Local Aviation
- 3. Overview of 21D
- 4. Airport Roles and Responsibilities
- 5. Airport Funding & Economic Output

## 1. Overview of Aviation

## Introduction to Airports

- ✓ English is the official language of aviation worldwide
- Federal Aviation Administration has sole jurisdiction over aviation in the United States National Airspace System (Pilots, Aircraft, Airports, Airspace, Flight Procedures, etc.)
- ✓ Airspace is public in the United States except where protected for special uses
- ✓ Each airport in the world is assigned a four-character code –K21D is Lake Elmo Airport's code (All airport codes in the U.S. start with 'K')
  - When referring to local airports, the 'K' is dropped from the code for simplicity
- ✓ There are 5,193 public-use airports in U.S.

## Types of Aviation

#### **Commercial**:

Passenger and cargo air transport for hire, operated by airlines under scheduled or charter services. It's the most visible type of aviation, regulated heavily for safety and reliability.

#### **General Aviation**:

All civil aviation operations other than scheduled commercial airline and cargo flights. This includes recreational flying, private business jets, training, aerial photography, agricultural operations, and emergency services.

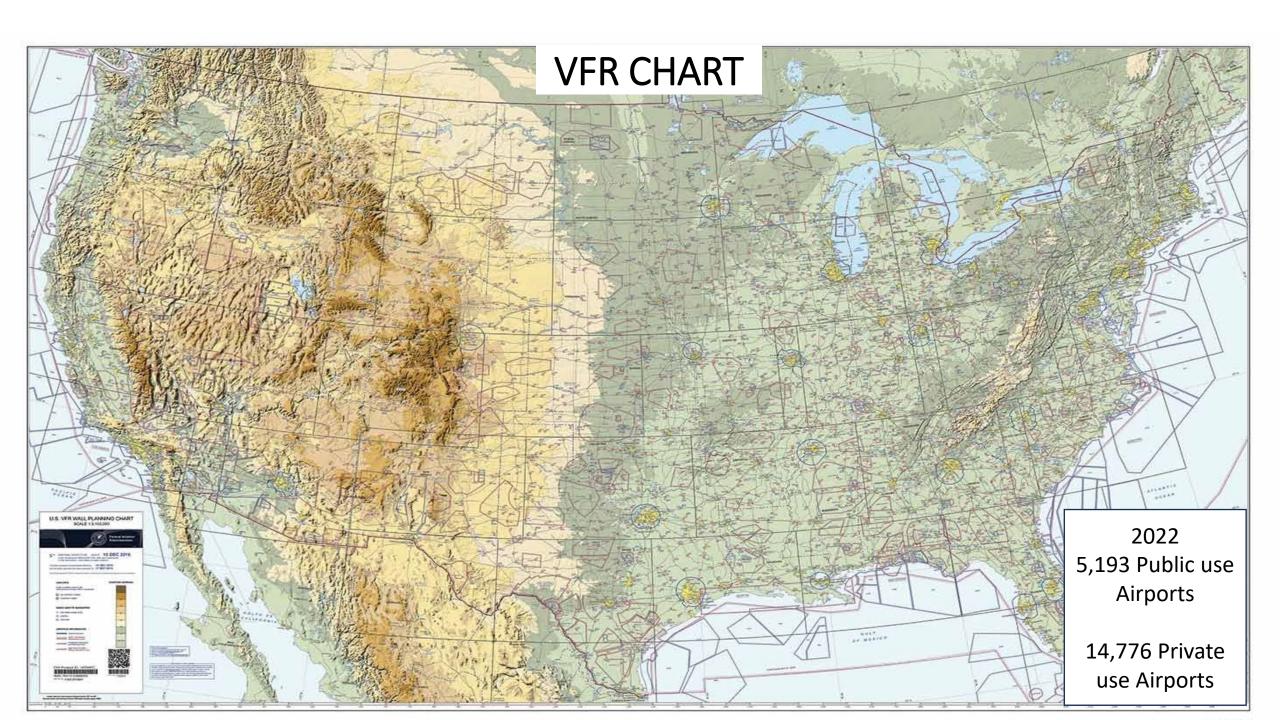
#### **Military**

Aircraft and air operations conducted by the armed forces for defense, combat, training, transport, reconnaissance, and humanitarian missions.







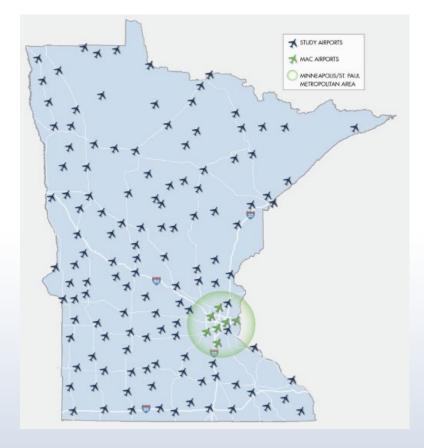


## 2. Overview of Local Aviation

## Overview of Local Aviation

- ✓ Airports are classified according to the role they serve in the airspace system
- ✓ Lake Elmo Airport is included in a classification that restricts runways to 5,000 feet or shorter according to Minnesota Law and Metropolitan Council policies
- ✓ MAC owns seven airports: one commercial aviation airport (MSP) and six general aviation airports including 21D
- ✓ The Lake Elmo Airport (21D) is established as a Reliever Airport, along with MAC's other general aviation airports to enhance and support aviation system needs and relieve corporate air traffic congestion at MSP
- Reliever airports are maintained to the same safety standards as MSP

#### 133 Public Use Minnesota Airports

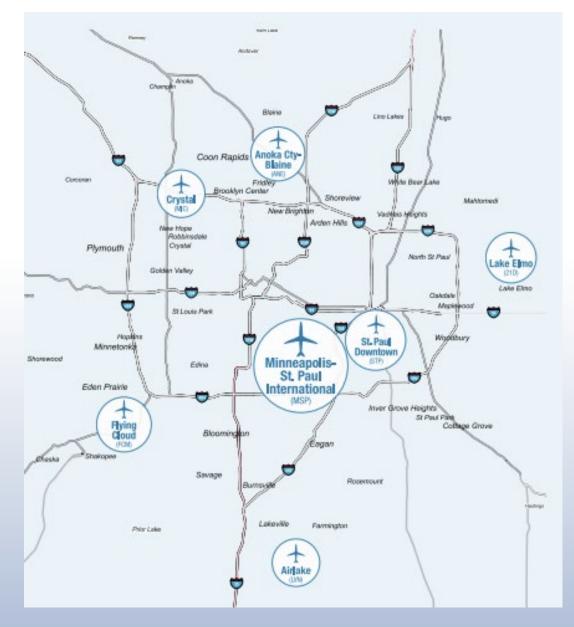


## Overview of Local Aviation

✓ MAC reliever airports have 372,00 flights annually making up 52% of all MAC flight operations

MAC Airport Operations	2023	2024	Change 2023 - 2024
MSP	323,945	342,254	5.7%
21D	41,593	41,854	0.6%
ANE	69,908	71,614	2.4%
FCM	136,622	132,744	-2.8%
LVN	38,678	42,611	10.2%
MIC	45,451	41,310	-9.1%
STP	38,167	42,344	10.9%
Operations Total	694,364	714,731	3.0%

<sup>✓</sup> Peak number of flights in 1975: 115,000





<sup>✓ 2024</sup> number of flights: 41,854 (36% of peak operations)

## 2. Overview of 21D





based aircraft



pieces of equipment maintaining the airfield

and airport grounds



41,854

annual flight operations

\$12.8M economic output annually



\$307,342 annual operating revenue

624 acres

fixed based operators (FBO)







runways



5,996 total feet of runway pavement

390 runway and taxiway lights

- 2 Full-time Airport Maintenance Staff > 1 Flight school > No Air Traffic Control Tower > In the community since 1951
- 1 Experimental Aircraft Association > Owned by the MAC since 1951 > On-site public viewing area

## Anatomy of Lake Elmo Airport (21D)

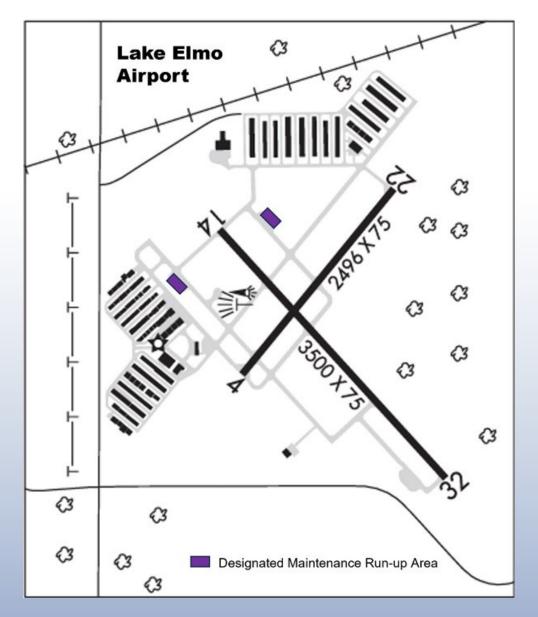
# Basic Airport Features of Lake Elmo Airport:

## **√** Runway

- Surface designated for take-off and landing movements
- Named based on alignment with compass headings:
- Runway 14-32 (northwest/southeast) 3,500 feet long x 75 feet wide
- -Runway 4-22 (northeast/southwest) 2,496 feet long x 75 feet wide

## ✓ Taxiway

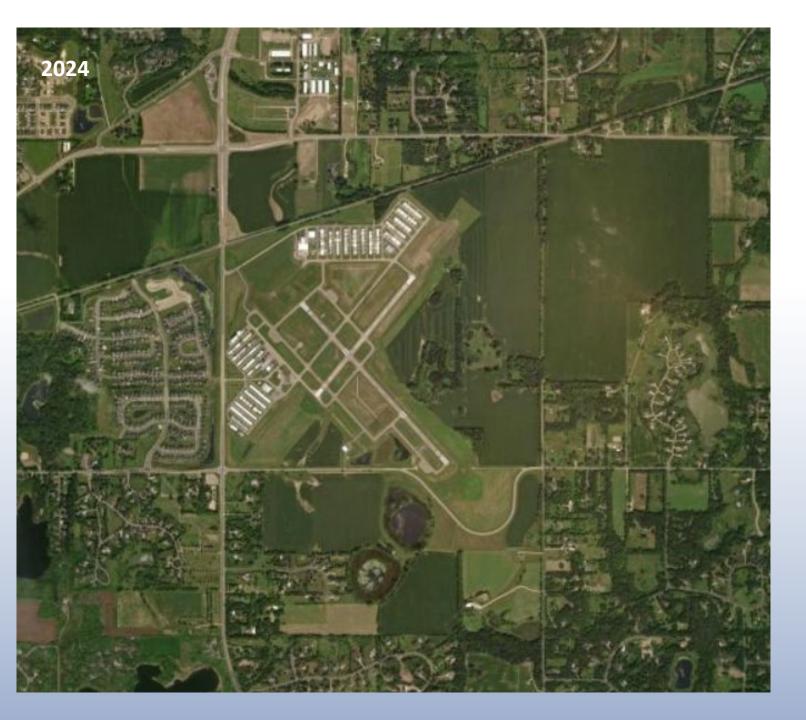
Surface designed for getting aircraft to and from the runway





Lake Elmo Airport (1957)

Then...



Lake Elmo Airport

Now...

# 4. Airport Roles and Responsibilities

## Airport Roles and Responsibilities



#### U.S. Congress

• Passes laws that govern aviation in the U.S.



#### Federal Aviation Administration

- Regulates airports
- Regulates airlines
- Operates Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities



#### **Airlines**

- Transport people and products domestically and internationally
- Determine number of flights, aircraft types and flight times based on market demands



#### Metropolitan Airports Commission

- Owns and operates MSP and six reliever airports
- Provides a facility for airlines to conduct air commerce activities
- Does not determine where aircraft fly, runway use, or flight procedures

## LEAAC Roles and Responsibilities

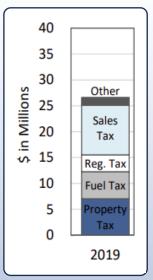


✓ This Commission is formed to further the general welfare of the community and the Lake Elmo Airport, a public airport in Baytown Township, County of Washington, state of Minnesota, through minimizing or resolving problems created by the aircraft operations at the airport.

# 5. Funding and Economic Impact

## General Airport Grant Funding – Federal and State







MnDOT distributes the MN
State Airports Fund and channels funds from the Federal Aviation
Administration Airport
Improvement Program to airport sponsors



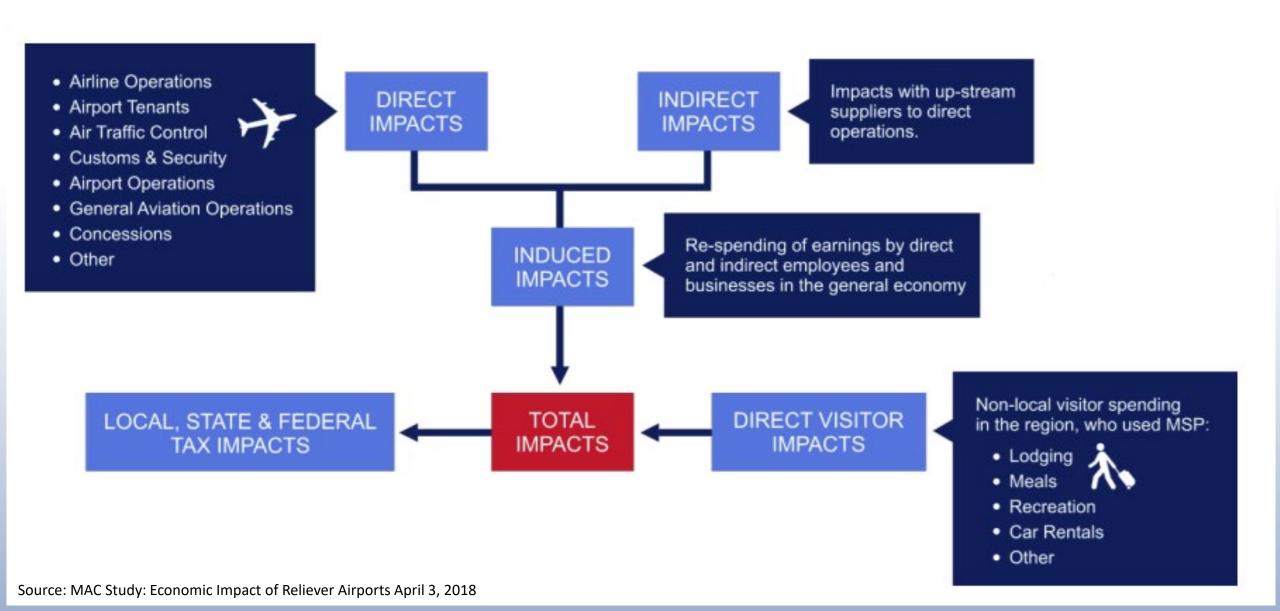
**2025 Budget** -----+\$20 2B (Trust Fu

Grants and other funds to local airports

+\$20.2B (Trust Fund) +\$1.6B (General Fund) +\$5B (Bipartisan Infrastructure Law) FAA Budget \$26.8B (2025)



## **Economic Impact**



## Economic Impact – All MN Public Airports

\$18.2B contributed to the Minnesota economy (2019)

MAC airports (particularly MSP) account for the largest majority

ECONOMIC IMPACTS FOR ALL PUBLIC AIRPORTS

94,037

\$4.4 B

\$13.8 B

\$18.2 B

#### **ECONOMIC IMPACT CATEGORIES**

#### AIRPORT MANAGEMENT

Activities associated with the daily operation of each airport

#### **BUSINESS TENANTS**

On-airport aviation-related businesses that generate revenue and have employment

#### CAPITAL INVESTMENT

Five-year average annual state, federal, airport, and private investment for airport improvements

### GENERAL AVIATION VISITOR SPENDING

Expenditures by visitors to Minnesota who arrive on general aviation airplanes

### COMMERCIAL VISITOR SPENDING

Expenditures by visitors to Minnesota who arrive on a scheduled commercial airline flight

#### STATE & LOCAL TAX REVENUES

Airport-supported sales and state income taxes

Source: 2019 MN DOT Minnesota State-wide Airport Economic Impact Study

## Economic Impact – MAC Reliever Airports

MAC's six reliever airports generate employment, business and personal transportation, capital investment, and facilitate visitor spending in the local markets

- \$756M contributed to MN economy (2016)
- \$11M local taxes generated (2016)

#### **Consolidated Impact of MAC Reliever Airport Operations and Visitor Spending - 2016**

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Impact -	Employment		Wages	GDP	Output
	Jobs	FTEs	(\$ millions)	(\$ millions)	(\$ millions)
Total Direct	1,650	1,380	\$71	\$224	\$403
Total Indirect	890	760	\$50	\$112	\$200
Total Induced	1,130	960	\$43	\$85	\$153
<b>Grand Total</b>	3,660	3,100	\$164	\$421	\$756

Note: Employment figures (jobs and FTEs) are rounded to the nearest ten. Totals may not sum due to rounding

#### **MAC Reliever Airport Tax Revenue - 2016**



# Summary and Next Steps

Today's Education Session: Airports and Regulations

"Educate the Commission on how airports are regulated and how 21D fits into that regulatory system"

Next Education Session: Aircraft and Flight Operations

"Educate the Commission on the basic principles of aircraft work and standard flight operations at general aviation airports like 21D"

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